

## **Harmonization of Audits**

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**SPECIALTY CROPS INSPECTION DIVISION** 



- Voluntary, user fee based program offered by USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS)
- Verifies an operation developed and implemented a food safety program that incorporates good agricultural practices (GAP) and good handling practices (GHP)
- Audits based on FDA Guidance and industry best practices

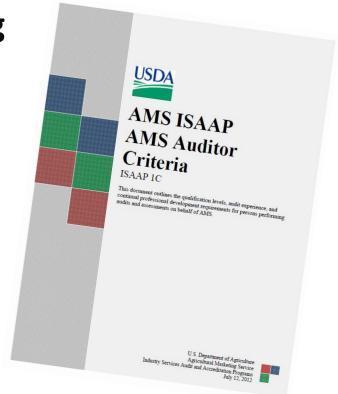


- Used by producers, packers, and handlers to gain market access to retailers, food service and institutional buyers who require third-party verification of food safety
- In FY 2014, AMS conducted more than 4,000 GAP audits in the United States, Puerto Rico, Canada, and Chile

AUDIT PROGRAM
FRUIT & VEGETABLE PROGRAM



- Audits performed by 250 trained, licensed Federal personnel and/or Federal-State cooperators
- All auditors meet strict training and evaluation requirements as outlined in the AMS Auditor Criteria





- AMS is not a food safety agency
  - Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and USDA's Food Safety and Inspection Service set food safety standards
- Audits are conducted using FDA Guidelines or industry best practices
- AMS or AMS-licensed personnel conduct all USDA GAP audits
  - We do not accredit outside entities to perform audits



Over the past 10 years, outbreaks associated with fresh produce triggered industry-led initiatives to address concerns about the safety of fruits and vegetables, including:

- Commodity Specific Best Practices
- Commodity Specific Audit Programs
- Marketing Agreements/Orders specific to food safety
- State-level regulations (e.g., Florida tomato)
- Private certification systems



These initiatives have had some unintended consequences:

- Multiple food safety standards
- Multiple audits
- Buyer preferences of specific standards
- Buyer-specific riders or addendums



- What should a food safety standard include?
  - Microbiological food safety?
  - Food defense?
  - Sustainability?
  - Social accountability?
  - North American vs. European models?
- Who can perform audits to these standards?



- Effects of proliferation of audits on the producer community
  - Confusion about what standard to use
  - Confusion about what audit organization to use
  - Multiple audits needed to meet multiple buyers' requirements
  - Inconsistencies in interpretations of food safety standards





- No generally accepted system or scheme that:
  - Everyone agrees to follow
  - Defines an acceptable food safety standard
  - Defines an acceptable audit process
- As a result, there are duplicative, often competing systems
  - GAPs Harmonization Initiative
  - Global Food Safety Initiative (GFSI)



#### **GAPs Harmonization Initiative**

- Industry-led initiative to harmonize fruit and vegetable food safety standards typically used in North America
- Started in 2009, completed and implemented in 2012
- Integrates 14 audit standards, including commodity-specific, GFSI benchmarked, and government-based standards





#### **GAPs Harmonization Initiative**

- Produce GAPs Harmonized Food Safety Standard
  - Meets requirements of the proposed Food Safety Modernization Act (FSMA) Produce Safety Rule
  - Purposely did not address the audit process,
     i.e. auditor competence.



#### **GAPs Harmonization Initiative**

- AMS
  - Participated in the GAPs Harmonization Initiative
  - Was an early adopter of the Standard
  - Has performed more than 1,000 audits using the Harmonized Standard over the past 2 years
  - Serves on the Technical Working Group and Calibration Committee





- A benchmarking organization founded in Europe in the early 2000s by major manufacturers and retailers
- Goal is to standardize suppliers' food safety processes
- Mission is to provide continuous improvement in food safety management systems to ensure confidence in the delivery of safe food to consumers worldwide



- Board of Directors, who represent major retailer, manufacturer, and food service operators, provide strategic direction
- Technical working groups comprised of volunteers make policy recommendations
- Working to gain acceptance in the United States
  - Walmart, U.S. Foods, among others require their suppliers to be audited against a GFSI-recognized scheme





- 12 schemes that cover food safety systems throughout the supply chain are currently benchmarked and recognized by GFSI
- Some schemes are specific to a specific industry, some are broadly based.





- Scheme owners manage their own GFSIbenchmarked food safety standard and the associated audit processes, but do not perform certification activities. They accredit certification bodies to perform actual audits.
- Several GFSI schemes are working to adopt the Harmonized GAP Standard into their schemes for their North American clients





## **Key Obstacles for GFSI**





- Many producers feel GFSI requirements are too strict/restrictive or not applicable to production agriculture
- Requirements for food safety standards include components that are not traditionally associated with food safety audits in United States, e.g., pesticide use, Integrated Pest Management, and propagation material



## **Food Safety Modernization Act**

#### Market Access vs. Regulatory Issues

- Producers want to use food safety audits
  - For market access
  - To show compliance with FSMA and other regulations
- Foreign governments want farms to be certified
- USDA-FDA Joint GAPs Review Project





#### **Current Market Conditions**

- Audits are primarily used for market access
- There is no generally accepted method for determining equivalency between audit standards/audit processes
- Result is current state of audit proliferation/audit fatigue
- Numerous industry efforts to reduce audit proliferation and audit fatigue have had varying levels of success



#### **How AMS Can Help**

- AMS performs audits using FDA Guidance and industry best practices
- AMS is working to gain wider acceptance of our programs by the buying community
- AMS and FDA are collaboratively reviewing the USDA-AMS GAPs Program to make it more useful and valuable in light of FSMA requirements



# Questions?

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